IRA Rollover or Conversion Review for Traditional, Roth, and SIMPLE IRAs

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IRA	OW	NER INFORM				
			NAME, ADDRESS, C	ITY, STATE, AND ZIP		
ID.	A ACCC	OUNT (PLAN) NUMBER	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	DATE OF BIRTH	DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER	
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			VERSION ELIGIBILITY urther explanation see Additional 1	Y REVIEW Information included with this form	n.)	
A. Ro	llover	from a (check one):	☐ Traditional IRA to a Traditio	nal IRA 🗌 SIMPLE IRA to a Tra	ditional IRA	
Yes	No		Traditional IRA to a SIMPLE IF	RA \square SIMPLE IRA to a SIMPLE		
			collover within 60 days of receiving		"	
		the IRS.	•	eiving my distribution with self-certif	ication or other waiver granted by	
		-	ever without violating the one rollove	- · ·		
	Ш			eligible for rollover include any requiseries of substantially equal periodic		
		(For rollovers between contribution to my SII		s only) At least two years have passe	ed since the date of the initial	
B. Ind	irect]	Rollover or Direct Rol	lover from an Eligible Retirement	Plan to a (check one): Tradition	onal IRA SIMPLE IRA	
Yes	No					
		I have received an eligation of the state of	gible rollover distribution from an In	ternal Revenue Code Section 401(a)	, 403(a), 403(b), or governmental	
		(For indirect rollovers	s only) I am completing this rollover	within 60 days of receiving my distr	ribution.	
		(For indirect rollovers only) I am completing this rollover more than 60 days after receiving my distribution with self-certificatio or other waiver granted by the IRS.				
		(For SIMPLE IRAs of	nly) At least two years have passed	since the date of the initial contributi	on to my SIMPLE IRA.	
C. Ind	irect :	Rollover or Direct Rol	llover from a Designated Roth Acc	ount to a Roth IRA.		
Yes	No					
		I have received an eligible plan.	gible rollover distribution from an In	ternal Revenue Code Section 401(a)	, 403(b), or governmental 457(b)	
		(For indirect rollovers	s only) I am completing this rollover	within 60 days of receiving my distr	ribution.	
		(For indirect rollovers or other waiver grants		more than 60 days after receiving m	ny distribution with self-certification	
		I am eligible to make part of a series of sub	this rollover contribution. Assets ine	ligible for rollover include any requiplan loan in default, P.S. 58 costs on distribution.		
D. Ind	irect :	Rollover or Direct Rol	llover from an Eligible Retirement	Plan to a Roth IRA.		
Yes	No					
		I have received an eligation of the state of	gible rollover distribution from an In	ternal Revenue Code Section 401(a)	, 403(a), 403(b), or governmental	
		(For indirect rollovers	s only) I am completing this rollover	within 60 days of receiving my distr	ribution.	
		(For indirect rollovers or other waiver grants		more than 60 days after receiving m	ny distribution with self-certification	
		I am eligible to make part of a series of sub	this rollover contribution. Assets inestantially equal periodic payments, a	eligible for rollover include any requiplan loan in default, certain divident certain excess contributions, or any	ds on employer securities,	
E. Con Yes	versi No	on to a Roth IRA from	n a (check one): \Box Traditional	IRA □ SIMPLE IRA		
		(For conversions by r	ollover only) I am completing this co	onversion within 60 days of receiving	g my distribution	
		I am eligible to make	this conversion contribution. Assets	ineligible for conversion include any ts, or any corrective distribution of	required minimum distribution,	
		excess contributions.		since the date of the initial contributi		
		,	-, -		•	

gnature of IRA Owner	Date	Signature of Custodian/Trustee	Dat

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Purpose. The IRA Rollover or Conversion Review for Traditional, Roth, and SIMPLE IRAs form is designed to assist you in meeting your responsibility to only roll over or convert eligible assets.

Additional Documents. Applicable law or policies of the IRA custodian/trustee may require additional documentation.

For Additional Guidance. It is in your best interest to seek the guidance of your tax or legal professional before completing this document. You should also reference the IRA agreement and disclosure statement and/or amendments provided by the custodian/trustee. For more information refer to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), IRS Publication 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax, instructions to your federal income tax return, your local IRS office, or the IRS's web site at www.irs.gov.

Terms. A general understanding of the following terms may be helpful in completing your transactions.

Conversion. A conversion occurs when you move your traditional IRA or SIMPLE IRA assets to a Roth IRA. Conversions may be accomplished via a transfer method where funds are moved directly to a Roth IRA with the same custodian/trustee or with a different custodian/trustee. Conversions may also be accomplished using a rollover method.

Designated Roth Account. A designated Roth account is an account that is part of an Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a), 403(b), or governmental 457(b) plan that accepts salary deferrals designated as Roth contributions. Common names for these plans include Roth 401(k) and Roth 403(b) plans.

Direct Rollover. A direct rollover is the movement of assets directly from an eligible retirement plan to an IRA without the IRA owner's use or control. This transaction generally occurs by means of a check payable to the IRA custodian/trustee or electronically to the IRA custodian/trustee for the benefit of the IRA owner.

Eligible Retirement Plan. Eligible retirement plans include qualified trusts under IRC Section 401(a), annuity plans under IRC Section 403(a), annuity contracts under IRC Section 403(b), and certain governmental IRC Section 457(b) plans. Common names for these plans include 401(k), profit sharing, pension, money purchase, federal thrift savings, and tax-sheltered annuity plans.

Indirect Rollover or Direct Rollover from a Designated Roth Account to a Roth IRA. Salary deferrals designated as Roth contributions, in-plan Roth rollovers, and earnings attributable held in a designated Roth account are eligible for rollover to a Roth IRA. An indirect rollover may also be referred to as a 60-day rollover, or just as a rollover. You can also directly roll over any eligible assets from a designated Roth account to a Roth IRA.

Indirect Rollover or Direct Rollover from an Eligible Retirement Plan to a Roth IRA. If you are a qualified employer plan participant you can take an eligible distribution and, within 60 days of receipt, roll it over to a Roth IRA. An indirect rollover may also be referred to as a 60-day rollover, or just as a rollover. You can also directly roll over any eligible assets from an employer plan to a Roth IRA.

Indirect Rollover or Direct Rollover from an Eligible Retirement Plan to a Traditional IRA. If you are a qualified employer plan participant you can take an eligible distribution and, within 60 days of receipt, roll it over to a traditional IRA. An indirect rollover may also be referred to as a 60-day rollover, or just as a rollover. You can also directly roll over any eligible assets from an employer plan to a traditional IRA.

One Rollover Per 1-Year (12-Month) Limitation. You are limited to one rollover per 1-year (12-month) period. You may only roll over one IRA distribution per 1-year period aggregated between all of your IRAs. For this purpose IRA includes rollovers among traditional (including SEP), SIMPLE, and Roth IRAs. For example, if you have IRA 1, IRA 2, and IRA 3, and take a distribution from IRA 1 and roll it over into a new IRA 4, you will have to wait 1 year from the date of

that distribution to take another distribution from any of your IRAs and subsequently roll it over into an IRA. The 1-year limitation does not apply to rollovers related to first-time homebuyer distributions, distributions converted to a Roth IRA, and rollovers to or from an employer-sponsored eligible retirement plan.

Rollover. A rollover occurs when eligible assets paid directly to you are redeposited to an IRA or eligible retirement plan. If the assets are distributed to you from an eligible retirement plan, the plan administrator withholds 20 percent of the taxable portion for federal income tax purposes. The employer/plan administrator provides assistance in determining eligibility for rollover.

Self-Certification. The IRS provides for a self-certification procedure (subject to verification on IRS audit) that you may use to claim eligibility for a waiver of the prohibition against making a rollover after the 60-day period. The IRA custodian/trustee may rely on the certification in accepting and reporting receipt of the rollover contribution.

Distributions of Property. If you received a distribution of property from an IRA, the rules require that the same property be rolled over. If you received a distribution of property from an eligible retirement plan, the rules require that the same property, or the proceeds of the sale of such property, be rolled over.

Nonspouse Beneficiary. A nonspouse beneficiary may directly roll over eligible retirement plan assets to a Roth beneficiary (inherited) IRA. A nonspouse beneficiary may not complete a 60-day rollover of any distribution from an eligible retirement plan or IRA.

Nontaxable Distributions. A traditional or Roth IRA can accept rollovers of nontaxable distributions from any eligible retirement plan. Nontaxable assets maintained in a traditional IRA can be rolled over to another traditional IRA and not to any employer-sponsored eligible retirement plan.

Separate or Conduit IRA. In certain cases, it may be to your benefit to make the rollover contribution from an eligible retirement plan into a separate or conduit traditional IRA. Conduit IRAs can provide individuals with a means of tracking IRA assets from different sources, which may be subject to certain restrictions or favorable tax treatment.

Spouse Beneficiary. A spouse beneficiary may roll or directly roll over inherited eligible retirement plan, or rollover IRA assets, to his/her own IRA. A spouse beneficiary may roll or directly roll over eligible retirement plan assets to a beneficiary (inherited) IRA.

Tax Consequences. Converted assets and assets rolled over or directly rolled over from an eligible retirement plan (other than designated Roth account assets) are generally subject to income tax in the year of the distribution but are not subject to the additional 10 percent early-distribution penalty tax.

The 60-Day Rule. You are allowed 60 calendar days following the date you receive your distribution to complete a rollover or conversion by rollover. The Secretary of the Treasury may waive the 60-day period in certain situations such as casualty, disaster, or other events that are beyond your reasonable control. For a rollover from an IRA to an IRA, the 60-day period is extended to 120 days in the case of a first-time homebuyer distribution where a delay or cancellation of the home purchase or construction occurs. Conversions by transfer, and direct rollovers, are not affected by the 60-day rule.

Two-Year Rule. After a two-year period that begins on the date of the initial contribution to your SIMPLE IRA, you are allowed to roll over assets from a traditional IRA or an eligible retirement plan to a SIMPLE IRA. A rollover or transfer from a SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA, or from a traditional IRA to a SIMPLE IRA, is not allowed within a two-year period that begins on the date of the initial contribution to your SIMPLE IRA. You may, however, roll over or transfer a SIMPLE IRA to a SIMPLE IRA within the two-year period. A conversion from a SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA is not allowed within a two-year period that begins on the date of the initial contribution to your SIMPLE IRA.